

SAT-10 Primary 3

Practice Test — Set 4

Student Name: _____ Date: _____

Subtests: Reading Vocabulary & Reading Comprehension · Total Questions: 24 · Suggested Time: 35–45 minutes

Directions for the parent / coach: Sit beside the student in a quiet space. Read each section's directions out loud the first time. Encourage the student to read each passage twice before answering. Do not give answers during the test. Use the Answer Key with Reasoning at the end to walk through any missed questions.

Directions for the student: Take your time. The real SAT-10 is not timed. If you don't know an answer, skip it and come back. Cross out any choice you know is wrong.

Section 1 — Reading Vocabulary

Read each sentence. The word in CAPITAL LETTERS is the word you need to think about. Choose the answer that means about the same as the word in capital letters.

1. The students were ALERT and listening carefully.
 - A. sleepy
 - B. paying close attention
 - C. loud
 - D. absent
2. Maria's gift was a GENEROUS amount of money.
 - A. tiny
 - B. large and giving
 - C. fake
 - D. sad
3. The hikers found a SHELTER under the big rock.
 - A. puddle
 - B. danger
 - C. safe place
 - D. mountain
4. The little dog was FRIGHTENED by the loud thunder.
 - A. brave
 - B. happy
 - C. scared
 - D. sleeping
5. Dad will REPAIR the broken fence on Saturday.
 - A. paint
 - B. destroy
 - C. fix
 - D. sell

6. Sam's room was a TIDY place with no mess.
- A. dirty
 - B. neat
 - C. tiny
 - D. loud
7. The clouds in the sky began to VANISH after the storm.
- A. grow
 - B. disappear
 - C. explode
 - D. fall
8. Lin offered to ASSIST her grandma with the groceries.
- A. fight
 - B. help
 - C. watch
 - D. listen
9. Anna's costume was FANCY for the school play.
- A. plain
 - B. torn
 - C. decorated and special
 - D. old
10. The crowd was QUIET when the speaker began to talk.
- A. loud
 - B. silent
 - C. angry
 - D. jumping

Section 2 — Reading Comprehension

Read each passage twice. Then answer the questions about that passage. Find proof in the text for every answer.

Jada's First Soccer Game

fiction · Lexile 730L

Jada had practiced soccer for weeks. Today was her very first real game. As she put on her blue jersey, her stomach felt full of butterflies.

"What if I miss the ball?" she asked her dad. "What if I let the team down?"

Her dad smiled. "Just have fun out there. You worked hard. Trust yourself."

On the field, the other team kicked off first. They were quick. Jada chased a player who had the ball. She slid forward, stuck out her foot, and kicked the ball away. Her teammates cheered.

Later, the ball rolled right toward Jada. The goal was just a few feet ahead. Her heart pounded. She kicked the ball as hard as she could. It zoomed past the goalkeeper and into the net. GOAL!

Her teammates rushed over and hugged her. Jada had scored her first goal ever.

When the game ended, Jada's team had won 2 to 1. Her dad gave her a high five.

"See?" he said. "You were ready all along."

Jada grinned. The butterflies in her stomach were all gone.

Questions about "Jada's First Soccer Game"

11. What color was Jada's jersey?

- A. red
- B. blue
- C. green
- D. yellow

12. How did Jada feel BEFORE the game started?

- A. Bored and tired
- B. Nervous and worried
- C. Angry
- D. Sleepy

13. What does the phrase "butterflies in her stomach" mean?

- A. She had eaten too much
- B. She felt nervous
- C. She was hungry
- D. She had real bugs in her belly

14. Why did Jada's dad say, "You were ready all along"?

- A.** He was tired of watching her play
- B.** She had practiced hard and her work paid off
- C.** Her mom told him to say it
- D.** She wore the right shoes

15. What is the lesson of this story?

- A.** Soccer is the best sport
- B.** If you work hard and trust yourself, you can do well
- C.** Always wear blue
- D.** Goalkeepers are easy to score on

Animals That Sleep All Winter

nonfiction · Lexile 770L

When winter comes, the world gets cold. Snow covers the ground, and many plants die. Food becomes hard to find. To survive, some animals sleep through the whole winter. This very deep sleep is called hibernation.

Bears are well-known hibernators. In the fall, a bear eats lots and lots of food. It builds up a thick layer of fat under its fur. When winter comes, the bear finds a cave or hollow tree and curls up inside. It barely moves for many months. Its heart slows down, and it breathes slowly. The bear's fat keeps it alive.

Groundhogs are another animal that hibernates. They dig deep tunnels in the ground and sleep until spring. While they sleep, their body temperature drops very low.

Frogs and turtles also hibernate. Some frogs even bury themselves in the mud at the bottom of ponds! Their hearts almost stop beating until the water warms up again.

When spring arrives and the air gets warmer, all of these animals wake up. They are very hungry and start looking for food right away. After their long sleep, they are ready to live and grow until winter comes again.

Questions about "Animals That Sleep All Winter"

16. What is the deep sleep that some animals do in winter called?

- A. napping
- B. hibernation
- C. camouflage
- D. dreaming

17. How does a bear get ready for hibernation in the fall?

- A. It learns a song
- B. It eats lots of food to build a thick fat layer
- C. It paints its cave
- D. It buys a blanket

18. Why do animals hibernate in winter?

- A. Because they are bored
- B. Because food is hard to find and the cold is dangerous
- C. Because winter is fun
- D. Because they want to grow taller

19. Which sentence from the passage best supports the idea that hibernation is a very deep sleep?

A. "Snow covers the ground."

B. "Their hearts almost stop beating until the water warms up again."

C. "Bears are well-known hibernators."

D. "They are very hungry."

20. Which animal was NOT mentioned as a hibernator?

A. Bear

B. Groundhog

C. Wolf

D. Frog

How to Wash Your Hands the Right Way

nonfiction · Lexile 720L

Washing your hands the right way helps stop germs from spreading. Follow these simple steps to keep yourself and others healthy.

What you will need:

- Clean running water (warm or cold)
- Soap
- A clean towel or paper towel

Steps:

1. Turn on the water and wet your hands.
2. Squirt some soap into your hands. A little is enough.
3. Rub your hands together to make bubbles. Be sure to scrub the back of your hands, between your fingers, and under your fingernails.
4. Keep scrubbing for at least 20 seconds. A good way to time this is to sing the "Happy Birthday" song two times in your head.
5. Rinse your hands well under the running water. Make sure all the soap is gone.
6. Turn off the water. Dry your hands with a clean towel.

When should you wash your hands? Wash before eating, after using the bathroom, after touching animals, after sneezing or coughing, and any time your hands look dirty. Clean hands save lives!

Questions about "How to Wash Your Hands the Right Way"

21. How long should you scrub your hands with soap?
- A. At least 5 seconds
 - B. At least 20 seconds
 - C. At least one minute
 - D. Until you get tired
22. What can you sing to help time your scrubbing?
- A. The ABC song one time
 - B. "Happy Birthday" two times
 - C. Twinkle Twinkle Little Star
 - D. Any song you like

23. Why is it important to scrub between your fingers and under your fingernails?

- A.** Because that is where toys are kept
- B.** Because germs can hide in those small spots
- C.** Because the soap likes those places
- D.** Because it feels good

24. When does the passage tell you to wash your hands?

- A.** Only at bedtime
- B.** Only when your hands are dirty
- C.** Before eating, after the bathroom, after sneezing, and other times
- D.** Once a week

Answer Key with Reasoning

Section 1 — Reading Vocabulary

1. **B** — ALERT means awake, watchful, paying attention.
2. **B** — GENEROUS means giving freely — usually a big or kind amount.
3. **C** — SHELTER means a place that protects you from weather or danger.
4. **C** — FRIGHTENED means scared. Loud thunder scares small dogs.
5. **C** — To REPAIR something means to fix what is broken.
6. **B** — TIDY means neat and orderly — the opposite of messy.
7. **B** — To VANISH means to disappear suddenly.
8. **B** — To ASSIST means to help. Lin is helping her grandma.
9. **C** — FANCY means decorated, special — not plain.
10. **B** — QUIET means silent, with no noise.

Section 2 — Reading Comprehension

Jada's First Soccer Game

11. **B** — Stated in paragraph 1: 'she put on her blue jersey.'
12. **B** — Stated: 'her stomach felt full of butterflies' and she asked 'What if I miss the ball?' Both are nervous signs.
13. **B** — This is a common saying. The story makes it clear from her worried questions and the doubt she shows.
14. **B** — Story says 'Jada had practiced soccer for weeks.' Her hard work led to her goal. Dad means she was prepared.
15. **B** — The whole story is about practice + courage = success. That's the lesson.

Animals That Sleep All Winter

16. **B** — Stated: 'This very deep sleep is called hibernation.'
17. **B** — Stated: 'a bear eats lots and lots of food. It builds up a thick layer of fat under its fur.'
18. **B** — First paragraph: 'the world gets cold... Food becomes hard to find. To survive, some animals sleep through the whole winter.'
19. **B** — Hearts almost stopping shows just how DEEP the sleep is. The other quoted lines are general details.
20. **C** — The passage names bears, groundhogs, frogs, and turtles. Wolves are not mentioned. Use process of elimination.

How to Wash Your Hands the Right Way

21. **B** — Step 4: 'Keep scrubbing for at least 20 seconds.'
22. **B** — Step 4: 'sing the Happy Birthday song two times in your head.'
23. **B** — Real-world reasoning. The passage is about stopping germs. Germs hide in tight places.
24. **C** — Last paragraph lists ALL these times. The other answers are too narrow.

